

Sunday November 2, 2025 - Zoom Discussion 12:30 PM EST - Continuation of Discussion of Nature of Pleasure

Post by “Don” of October 27, 2025 at 11:43 AM

Quote from DaveT

Does Epicurus' ancient Greek word have a singular meaning or multiple meanings within the context of mental vs physical?

[Henry George Liddell, Robert Scott, A Greek-English Lexicon, ἡδονή](#)

Also...

FWIW Headwords for ἡδονή (hēdonē) "pleasure"

Woodhouse, S. C. (1910), English-Greek Dictionary: A Vocabulary of the Attic Language[1], London: Routledge & Kegan Paul Limited.

allurement idem, page 25.

amusement idem, page 28.

caprice idem, page 112.

cheer idem, page 128.

complacency idem, page 151.

dalliance idem, page 193.

delectation idem, page 207.

delight idem, page 208.

ecstasy idem, page 261.

elation idem, page 265.

enchantment idem, page 270.

enjoyment idem, page 275.

entrancement idem, page 278.

<https://www.epicureanfriends.com/thread/4783-sunday-november-2-2025-zoom-discussion-12-30-pm-est-continuation-of-discussion-o/?postID=37610#post37610>

exhilaration idem, page 291.

fascination idem, page 308.

gaiety idem, page 351.

gladness idem, page 361.

glee idem, page 361.

gratification idem, page 370.

hilarity idem, page 400.

idiosyncrasy idem, page 413.

intoxication idem, page 454.

jollity idem, page 464.

joy idem, page 464.

light-heartedness idem, page 491.

merriment idem, page 526.

mirth idem, page 532.

pleasure idem, page 620.

rapture idem, page 672.

ravishment idem, page 674.

rejoicing idem, page 689.

satisfaction idem, page 734.

transport idem, page 889.

treat idem, page 892.

zest idem, page 997.