

Plato's Timaeus vs. On Nature, Book 14

Post by "Bryan" of February 5, 2025 at 3:44 PM

Plato takes four of these groupings of six to form the tetrahedron:

"And when four equilateral triangles are combined so that three plane angles [55a] meet in a point, they form one solid angle, which comes next in order to the most obtuse of the plane angles. And when four such angles are produced, the first solid figure is constructed, which divides the whole of the circumscribed sphere into equal and similar parts."